Knowledge Organiser R082 (LO1): Graphic files & formats

You must know file formats used for audio, video and images and to describe their features

Common bitmap (raster) image file types			Common vector image file types		
File Type	Advantages	Disadvantages	File Type	Advantages	Disadvantages
.JPG (bitmap)	Compresses well, so creates smaller files sizes. Reproduces millions of colours Good for web and printing	Lossy file format; Variable picture quality Cannot be used for animation	.EPS (vector)	Most common vector type Standard for sharing in print publishing industry	Not widely supported in editing software Generally Adobe only software
.TIFF (bitmap)	Lossless file format Reproduces millions of colours Standard format for print publishing industry	Large files Limited compression Doesn't support transparent background	.SVG (vector)	Scalable without image quality reduction International standard for vector graphics High quality printing possible Good web browser support	Not widely supported in software Files sizes can be large wit many elements
.GIF (bitmap)	Lossless file format Enables animations (very popular use) Sharp edges to images	Larger file size Only 256 colours can be reproduced	.PDF (vector)	Widely supported by many devices Free to view PDF files Small file size	Not free to edit PDF files Text difficult to edit, text is treated as images
.PNG (bitmap)	Lossless file format Reproduces millions of colours Excellent transparency in images	Compresses well Not suitable for digital photos No animation	.Al (vector)	Scalable without image quality reduction Industry standard for professional vector graphics	Requires Adobe software to edit Cannot be viewed on websites
.BMP (bitmap)	Works in many devices Millions of colours Lossless file format	Uncompressed Large file formats No compression	.DXF (vector)	Standard format used for Computer Aided Design (CAD) Well supported in many software applications	Large file sizes Data can be lost when shared across different software.

File size compression

- Data is removed from the file to reduce the size of the file.
- The process cannot be reversed, data loss is permanent
- Lossy compression
- Increased compression introduces a greater reduction of image quality
- Ideal for communication over the internet and viewing on small screens
- All original image quality is retained, hence no loss
- Slight decrease in file size
- Lossless
- compression Ideal for archiving images to retain original quality
 - Used for large images, such as posters and billboards





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